### 2040

# B.C.A. (II Sem.) Examination, 2023-24

Booklet Series

## PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

(To be filled by the Candidate / निम्न पूर्तियाँ परीक्षार्थी स्वयं भरें)

Roll No. (in figures)

अनुक्रमांक (अंकों में) —

Roll No. (in words)

अनुक्रमांक (शब्दों में) ---

| Time : 2 : 00 Hours | समय : 2 : 00 घण्टे

Maximum Marks: 50

| अधिकतम अंक : 50

#### Name of Examination Centre

परीक्षा केन्द्र का नाम -

Signature of Invigilator कक्ष निरीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर

#### Instructions to the Examinee:

- Do not open the booklet unless you are asked to do so.
- The booklet contains 75 questions. Examinee is required to answer any 65 questions in the OMR Answer-Sheet provided and not in the question booklet. In case Examinee attempts more than 65 Questions, first 65 attempted questions will be evaluated. All questions carry equal marks.
- Examine the Booklet and the OMR Answer-Sheet very carefully before you proceed. Faulty question booklet due to missing or duplicate pages/questions or having any other discrepancy should be immediately replaced.

(Remaining Instructions on last page)

#### परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश:

- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए।
- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 75 प्रश्न हैं। परीक्षार्थी को किन्हीं 65 प्रश्नों को दी गई ओ०एम०आर० आन्सर-शीट पर ही हल करना है। परीक्षार्थी द्वारा 65 से अधिक प्रश्नों को हल करने की स्थिति में, प्रथम 65 उत्तरों को ही मूल्यांकित किया जायेगा। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- 3. प्रश्नों के उत्तर अंकित करने से पूर्व प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR उत्तर-पत्रक को सावधानीपूर्वक देख लें। दोषपूर्ण प्रश्न-पुस्तिका, जिसमें कुछ भाग छपने से छूट गये हों या प्रश्न एक से अधिक बार छप गये हों या किसी भी प्रकार की कमी हो, उसे तुरन्त बदल लें।

(शेष निर्देश अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर)

1. Supply chain is also referred as	4. Which of the following defines
>	coordination :
(A) Manforce	(A) A management function
(B) Workforce	(B) An objective of management
(C) Wholesale network	(C) The essence of management (D) A social objective
(D) Logistic network	5. Management functions include :
2. PSA stands for?	(A) Planning & organizing
(A) Promotion Strategy Act	(B) Directing
(B) Private Service Act	(C) Controlling
(C) Product & Service Agreement	_(D) All of the above
(D) Planning, Strategy Agreement	6) Which level of management is responsible for establishing a vision
3. Formulation of top management is	for the organization, developing
concerned with:	broad plans and strategies and
(A) Short-term plans	directing subordinate managers?
(B) Long-term plans	(A) Top level managers
(C) Guidelines for supervisors	(B) Middle managers
	(C) Executive managers -
(D) None of these	(D) Second level managers
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7.	Costs associated with preparation	10. Which values does an effective
	of quality management system and	leader focus on?
	inspection procedures should be	(A) Disintegration
	charged to :	(B) Trust and respect of individuals
	(A) Prevention Costs	(C) Openness
	(B) Internal failure costs	∠(D) Teamwork ∕
	(C) Appraisal costs	11. The long-term direction of the
	(D) External failure costs	organization in which it wants to
8.	In consultative style of leadership,	proceed in the future is known as :
	the is the final decision	(A) Contingency planning
	maker :	(B) Short-term planning
	(A) Leader	(C) Strategic planning
	(B) Workforce	(D) Operational planning
	(C) Founder	12. The cumulative action of a team in
	(D) Co-founder	which an individual member keeps
9.	Which of the following is not a kind of	aside his/her interests and opinions
	leadership skill required for effective	to fulfill the objectives or goal is
	leadership?	known as :
	(A) Vision	(A) Team
	(B) Empowerment	(B) Teamwork
	(C) Intuition	(C) Group
	∠(D) Threat	(D) Club
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ĵ3.	What	is mean by CSR?	(16)	Whic	h of the following is a measure
	(A)	Control, Strategies, Research		of qu	sality :
	(B)	Corporate, Society, Research		(A)	Brand
	<b>\</b> - <i>,</i>	Corporate, Society,		(B)	Trademark
		Responsibility			
	_(D)	Common, Strategy, Resource		(C)	Logo
/14	. Whic	th of the following is not a stage		<u>(</u> D)	ISO-
	in the change-process?		17.	Outo	comes of a group idea is?
	(A)	Mutation		(A)	Inferencing
	(B)	Hybridisation		(B)	Conferencing
	(C)	Refreezing		(C)	Brain-storming
	(D)	Restraining		(D)	Uniting
(15	. Indí	a is the preferred destination for	(18)	Whi	ch of the following is not a typical
	вро	because :		sup	ply chain member?
	(A)_	Relax policies		∠(A)	Reseller
	(B)	Simple people		(B)	Producer
	(C)	Cheap Manpower		(C)	Retailer
204	_(D) 40\ <b>D\2</b> 0	Good Governance	[5]	(D)	Wholesaler P.T.O.
		- T	1		

- 19. Which of the following represents the top level management pertaining thinking and planning functions:
  - (A) Operative management
  - (B) Administrative management
  - (C) Floor level management
  - \_(D) Both (A) & (B)
- 20. What are the four major functions of management?
  - (A) Creating, Perceiving, Dynamics,objecting
  - (B) Planning, Organizing, Directing,
    Controlling
    - (C) Organizing, Producting,
      Directing, Controlling
    - (D) Positive, Organized, Discipline,
      Cooperative
- 21. Organisation is a process of :
  - (A) Defining and delegating the responsibility and authority
  - (B) Identifying and grouping of work to be performed
  - (C) Both (A) & (B)
    - (D) None of the above

23. Which of the following is not a principle of organisation :

- (A) Principle of exception
- (B) Principle of balance
- (C) Principle of complexity
- √D) Principle of co-ordination

is not a type of organisation structure :

- (A) Line organisation
- (B) Functional organisation -
- (C) Flexible organisation
- Line & staff organisation
- 24. \_\_\_\_\_ organisation structure is generally followed by big steal plants
  - (A) Line organization
  - (B) Functional organisation
  - (C) Line and staff organisation

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25. Management deals with:	28. The problem-solving process begins
(A) Internal Environment	with:
(B) External Environment	(A) Clarification of the solution
رد) Both Internal and External	(B) Establishment of alternatives
Environment	(C) Identification of the difficulty
(D) None of the above	(D) Isolation of the cause
26 is known as "the father of	29 represents the lower level
scientific management" :	management covering execution
(A) Fredrick W. Taylor	and implementation functions :  (A) Administrative Management
(B) Henry Fayol	(B) Operative Management
(C) Robert Owen	(C) Co-operative Management
(D) None of these	(D) All of the above
27 is about grouping of jobs:	30. Management is a Activity :
(A) Organizing	(A) Single
∠(B) Directing	(B) Group
(C) Planning	_(C) Both group and single /
(D) Controlling	(D) None
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31,	Wh	ich one of the following is not a	in 34	. He	enry Fayol was a :
	eco	nomic objective of business :		(A	) Scientist
	(A)	Social environment		<b>(B</b> )	Accountant
	∠(B)	Survival		_(C)	Mining Engineer
		Profit		(D)	Fa <b>rm</b> er
	(D)	Growth			
32.	Suc	ccessful management ensure		The	concentration of decision making
	tha	t :		auti	hority is called :
	(A)	Goals are achieved with leas	t	(A)	Centralisation
		cost		(B)	Decentralisation
	(B)	Timely achievement of goals		(C)	Span of management
	L(E)	Both of above		(D)	None of the above
	(D)	None of the above	(36.	Man	agement in order to
33.	Mar	nagement is essential for the	<b>!</b>	achi	eve the goals :
	orga	anisations which are :		(A)	Register trademark <sup>⊀</sup>
	` ,	Non-profit organisations		(B)	Develops tactics
	(B)	Service organisations/			
	(C)	Social organisations	·	<u>(</u> C)	Formulate strategy
2046	(D) <b>ND\20</b>	All of the above		(D)	Outsources operations «
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37). In the case of functional	(40) Communication begins with:
departmentalization, <b>job</b> s are	(A) Encoding
grouped according to :	(B) Decoding
(A) Tasks	ु(C) Idea origination
(8) Territories	ge) Idea origination
(C) Product lines	(D) None of these
(D) Customer flow	Organisational behaviour is :
38. Organization structure primarily	(A) A Science
refers to :	(B) An art
(A) How resources are allocated	(b) All die
(B) The location of departments	√C) A science as well as an art
and office space	(D) None of the above
(C) The policy statements	(42) a young welsh factory
developed by the firm	owner was one of the first to
(D) How activities are coordinated	emphasise the human needs of
& controlled	employees. He refused to employ
39 is a key aspect in	
understanding organization	young children :
structure?	(A) Andrew Ure
(A) Process	(B) J.N. Tata
(B) Change	(C) Robert Owen
(C) Control	(D) None of these
(D) Delegation 2040\D\2024	o1 PTO

43.	Which of the following is responsib	le d	46.	The	most	signifi	cant n	nanage	emen
	for affecting organisation	al		skills	s are :				
	behaviour:			(A)	Technic	cal,	behavi	oural	and
	(A) People				concep	tual			
	(B) Environment		u	(B)	Technic	al,	Huma	an	and
	(C) Technology			(6)	concep				
	(D) All of the above			(C)	System		Hum	an	and
44	. Meso organisation behaviour	is		(D)	Technic		man and	d cogni	tive
	related with :	(	<del>4)</del> .		f	ocuses	on ho	ow to	set
	(A) Individual behaviour			goal	s for pe	ople to	reach :		
	(B) Group behaviour			(A)	Equity	theory			
	(C) Organisational behaviour				Expecta				
	(D) None of these		,		Goal se				
45	. The book "The Psychology	of (	48.		lership p		*	empha	size
	management" was published by :			mora	al		and a	action	are
	(A) Hendry Fayol				vn as et		eadersh	ip	
	(B) F.W. Taylor				Sensiti <sup>o</sup>	,			
	→C) William Gilbreth				Motiva				
	(D) Robert Owen			(D)	All of t	he abo	ove		
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(6)	Which	n of the following is not the job	(52).	Whi	ch of the following is not an area
	of inti	ermediaries?		of lo	gistics managers?
	(A) I	Lisoning		(A)	Inventory
	(B)	Financing		(B)	Warehousing
	(C)	Negociation		(C)	House holding
	(D)	None of th <b>es</b> e		(D)	Marketing
50.	Whic	h of the following reduces the	(53.	CRM	functions between?
	prod	uctivity of the employee?		(A)	Employee & Stack holders
	(A)	Stress		(B)	Byers and Sallers
	(B)			(C)	Manager and Producers
	(-)	Reward  None of these		(D)	None of these
<b>(51.</b>	•	h of the following product	(54).	Whi	ch one is not a means of non
		re the direct marketing?		form	nal communication?
	(A)	Economic products		(A)	Dressing
	(B) (	Costly product		(B)	Poster
	r(C) 1	Perishable product		(C)	Gesture
	(D) I	None of these		~(D)	Speech
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- 55 In which step of quality circle 58. Principles of management are not : operation cycle to we clarify and analyze the problem? (A) Problem identification (B) Problem selection (C) Problem analysis (D) Present solution to management The major disadvantage of a multichannel system is that it is harder to control and it can generate (A) Greater Conflict (B) Less net profit (C) Fewer domestic sales √D) Declining employee morale 57. Management is \_\_\_\_\_ in order to create a surplus : (A) An art (B) A science (C) Both science and an art
  - - (A) Absolute
    - (B) **Be**havioral
      - (C) Universal
      - (D) Flexible
  - The top management works on :
    - (A) Corporate plan
    - √B) Strategic plan -
    - (C) Short plan
    - (D) Budgeting .
  - 60. Which of the following cannot be considered as a part of the planning process:
    - (A) Setting objectives
    - (B) Viewing physical facilities and actions
    - √C) Developing Premises
      - (D) Follow-up-actions
  - 61. Specialisation is the most efficient way to use human effort "which principle of Fayol is highlighted in this statement?
    - (A) Authority and Responsibility
    - (B) Division of work
    - (C) Unity of command
      - (D) None of these

(D) None of the above

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20.40		None of the above		(D)	Policy and Procedure
-		Guidelines for supervisors		(C)	Objective and Method
L		Long term plans		,	
		Short term plans		(B)	Objective and Policy
		nulation of :		(A)	Policy and Rule
		Management is concerned with		relat	ed with each other:
	(D)	Management is a rigid process			
	(~)	process	<i>(</i> 69.	Two	types of plans that are inter-
	(C)	Management is a dynamic		(D)	None
	(0)	Management is a continuous process		√(C)	Forecasting -
	(B)	process			•
	(A)	Management is a goal-oriented		-(Β)	Thinking
	is n	not correct?	•	(A)	Directing
64.	. Wh	ich one of the following statements	<b>68</b> .	Plan	ning is the process of?
	(D)	Controlling		(D)	None
	(C)	Planning		(0)	Determine Weakilesses
		Staffing		(C)	Determine weaknesses
		Organising		(B)	Evaluate alternatives
		nagement successfully is :		_(A)	Set an objectives
		ving out the other functions of		to:	
63		aving down the foundation for			g process is
63		Centrolling function of management relating	67.	The	first step in planning process is
		Planning		(D)	None
k.	(B)	_		(C)	Fayol
		Organising		(8)	F.W. Taylor
	righl	t job is	•		
	to p	lacing the right person at the		(A)	Peter, F. Drucker
62	This	function of management related	66.	МВО	was developed by :

- 70. Henry Fayol is known as :

  (A) Father of scientific management
  - (B) Father of shop floor management
  - (C) Father of general management
    - (D) All of the above
- Which of the following is not the objective and functionality of management?
  - (A) Controlling
  - (B) Forecasting
  - (C) Coordinating
    - (D) Staffing
- 72. Which of the following is the lowest level of management?
  - (A) Executives
    - (B) Decision-making
    - (C) Strategic
  - (D) Policy-making

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73. Who has introduced the concept of MBO and knowledge worker in the

principle of management?

- (A) Fayol
- (B) Taylor
- (€) Peter Drucker
  - (D) None of these
- Which of the following deals with the increase of the employees skills and efficiency?
  - (A) Span of control
  - (B) Work specialization
    - (C) Chain of command
    - (D) None of these
- 75. What does MOST stands for?
  - (A) Manager, Operator, Seller,

    Trader
  - (B) Machinery, Office, Staff,
    Technology
  - (e) Mission, Objective, Strategies,

    Tactics
    - (D) None of these

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